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**UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

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**Form 10-Q**

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2021**

**or**

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the transition period from                      to**

**Commission file number 1-12793**

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**StarTek, Inc.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Delaware**

(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**84-1370538**

(I.R.S. employer  
Identification No.)

**6200 South Syracuse Way, Suite 485**

**Greenwood Village, Colorado**

(Address of principal executive offices)

**80111**

(Zip code)

**(303) 262-4500**

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
<b>Common Stock, \$0.01 par value</b>	<b>SRT</b>	<b>New York Stock Exchange, Inc.</b>

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company", and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes  No

As of April 30, 2021, there were 40,784,673 shares of Common Stock outstanding.

**STARTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
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## NOTE ABOUT FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, including the following:

- certain statements, including possible or assumed future results of operations, in “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations”;
- any statements regarding the prospects for our business or any of our services;
- any statements preceded by, followed by or that include the words “may,” “will,” “should,” “seeks,” “believes,” “expects,” “anticipates,” “intends,” “continue,” “estimate,” “plans,” “future,” “targets,” “predicts,” “budgeted,” “projections,” “outlooks,” “attempts,” “is scheduled,” or similar expressions; and
- other statements regarding matters that are not historical facts.

Our business and results of operations are subject to risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our ability to control or predict. Because of these risks and uncertainties, actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by forward-looking statements, and investors are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such statements, which speak only as of the date thereof. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations and may adversely affect our business and results of operations, include, but are not limited to, those items described herein or set forth in the Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) on March 16, 2021 and this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2021. Unless otherwise noted in this report, any description of “us,” “we,” or “our,” refers to StarTek, Inc. (“Startek”) and its subsidiaries.

## CHANGE IN FILING STATUS

In accordance with the SEC’s expanded definition of Smaller Reporting Companies effective September 10, 2018, Startek qualifies for Smaller Reporting Company status. As such, it has decided to take advantage of the relief provided from Part 1, Item 3.

**PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION**
**ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**
**STARTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME (LOSS)**

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
Revenue	163,495	161,177
Warrant contra revenue	(425)	(278)
<b>Net Revenue</b>	<b>\$ 163,070</b>	<b>\$ 160,899</b>
Cost of services	(138,383)	(140,841)
<b>Gross profit</b>	<b>\$ 24,687</b>	<b>\$ 20,058</b>
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(14,171)	(17,255)
Impairment losses and restructuring/exit cost	(1,898)	(24,322)
<b>Operating income / (loss)</b>	<b>\$ 8,618</b>	<b>\$ (21,519)</b>
Share of loss of equity-accounted investees	(14)	(8)
Interest expense, net	(13,769)	(3,506)
Exchange gain / (loss), net	212	1,928
<b>Loss before income taxes</b>	<b>\$ (4,953)</b>	<b>\$ (23,105)</b>
Income tax expense	(4,902)	(2,876)
<b>Net loss</b>	<b>\$ (9,855)</b>	<b>\$ (25,981)</b>
<b>Net income / (loss)</b>		
Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	2,300	576
Net loss attributable to Startek shareholders	(12,155)	(26,557)
Net loss per common share - basic and diluted	(0.30)	(0.69)
Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic and diluted	40,592	38,528

**STARTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)**

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
<b>Net loss</b>	<b>\$ (9,855)</b>	<b>\$ (25,981)</b>
Net income attributable to non-controlling interests	2,300	576
<b>Net loss attributable to Startek shareholders</b>	<b>(12,155)</b>	<b>(26,557)</b>
<b>Other comprehensive (loss) / income, net of taxes:</b>		
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(1,092)	(4,392)
Change in fair value of derivative instruments	8	(672)
Pension amortization	(384)	396
<b>Other comprehensive loss</b>	<b>\$ (1,468)</b>	<b>\$ (4,668)</b>
<b>Other comprehensive (loss) / income, net of taxes</b>		
Other comprehensive (loss) / income attributable to non-controlling interests	(69)	163
Other comprehensive loss attributable to Startek shareholders	(1,399)	(4,831)
<b>Comprehensive (loss) / income</b>	<b>\$ (1,468)</b>	<b>\$ (4,668)</b>
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	2,231	739
Comprehensive loss attributable to Startek shareholders	(13,554)	(31,388)
<b>Comprehensive (loss) / income</b>	<b>\$ (11,323)</b>	<b>\$ (30,649)</b>

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

**STARTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET**

(In thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
<b>Assets</b>		
<b>Current assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	57,665	44,507
Restricted cash	6,981	6,052
Trade accounts receivable, net	69,712	83,560
Unbilled revenue	57,530	49,779
Prepaid and other current assets	12,328	14,542
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>\$ 204,216</b>	<b>\$ 198,440</b>
<b>Non-current assets</b>		
Property, plant and equipment, net	34,353	34,225
Operating lease right-of-use assets	65,396	69,376
Intangible assets, net	97,879	100,440
Goodwill	183,397	183,397
Investment in equity-accounted investees	25,096	111
Deferred tax assets, net	4,042	5,294
Prepaid expenses and other non-current assets	16,605	13,370
<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<b>\$ 426,768</b>	<b>\$ 406,213</b>
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 630,984</b>	<b>\$ 604,653</b>
<b>Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity</b>		
<b>Current liabilities</b>		
Trade accounts payables	14,457	20,074
Accrued expenses	58,026	57,118
Short term debt	5,230	15,505
Current maturity of long term debt	2,412	2,180
Current maturity of operating lease obligation	18,724	19,327
Other current liabilities	45,130	39,987
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 143,979</b>	<b>\$ 154,191</b>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>		
Long term debt	165,116	118,315
Operating lease liabilities	48,697	52,052
Other non-current liabilities	18,490	15,498
Deferred tax liabilities, net	17,194	17,715
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 249,497</b>	<b>\$ 203,580</b>
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 393,476</b>	<b>\$ 357,771</b>
<b>Stockholders' equity:</b>		
Common stock, 60,000,000 non-convertible shares, \$0.01 par value, authorized; 40,781,804 and 40,453,462 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, respectively	408	405
Additional paid-in capital	290,646	288,700
Accumulated deficit	(97,698)	(85,543)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(8,685)	(7,286)
<b>Equity attributable to Startek shareholders</b>	<b>\$ 184,671</b>	<b>\$ 196,276</b>
Non-controlling interests	52,837	50,606
<b>Total stockholders' equity</b>	<b>\$ 237,508</b>	<b>\$ 246,882</b>
<b>Total liabilities and stockholders' equity</b>	<b>\$ 630,984</b>	<b>\$ 604,653</b>

*See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.*

**STARTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

(In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
<b>Operating Activities</b>		
<b>Net loss</b>	<b>(9,855)</b>	<b>(25,981)</b>
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash generated from operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	6,803	7,093
Impairment of goodwill	-	22,708
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	(53)	-
Provision for doubtful accounts	63	154
Amortisation of debt issuance cost	2,670	378
Warrant contra revenue	425	278
Share-based compensation expense	280	291
Deferred income taxes	558	1,879
Share of loss of equity-accounted investees	14	8
<b>Changes in operating assets and liabilities:</b>		
Trade accounts receivable	12,848	4,503
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(8,844)	(7,658)
Trade accounts payable	(5,447)	(4,722)
Income taxes, net	2,727	(672)
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	4,908	12,287
<b>Net cash generated from operating activities</b>	<b>\$ 7,097</b>	<b>\$ 10,546</b>
<b>Investing Activities</b>		
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(2,922)	(2,884)
Investment in equity-accounted investees	(25,000)	-
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>	<b>\$ (27,922)</b>	<b>\$ (2,884)</b>
<b>Financing Activities</b>		
Proceeds from the issuance of common stock	1,244	43
Proceeds from (payments on) long term debt	44,702	(4,200)
Proceeds from (payments on) other debt, net	(10,609)	4,578
<b>Net cash generated from financing activities</b>	<b>\$ 35,337</b>	<b>\$ 421</b>
<b>Net increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>\$ 14,512</b>	<b>\$ 8,083</b>
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash	(425)	(1,052)
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	50,559	32,626
<b>Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period</b>	<b>\$ 64,646</b>	<b>\$ 39,657</b>
<b>Components of cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash</b>		
Balances with banks	57,665	27,795
Restricted cash	6,981	11,862
<b>Total cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash</b>	<b>\$ 64,646</b>	<b>\$ 39,657</b>
<b>Supplemental disclosure of Cash Flow Information</b>		
Cash paid for Interest and other finance costs	14,443	1,988
Cash paid for income taxes	1,652	963
Non-cash warrant contra revenue	425	278
Non-cash share-based compensation expenses	280	291

*See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.*

**STARTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY**

(In thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

	Common Stock		Additional paid-in capital	Accumulated deficit	Other Items of OCI			Equity attributable to Startek shareholders	Non-controlling interest	Total stockholders' equity
	Shares	Amount			Foreign currency translation	Change in fair value of derivative instruments	Unrecognised pension cost			
<b>Three months ended</b>										
<b>Balance at December 31, 2020</b>	<b>40,453,462</b>	<b>\$ 405</b>	<b>\$ 288,700</b>	<b>\$ (85,543)</b>	<b>\$ (4,529)</b>	<b>\$ (8)</b>	<b>\$ (2,749)</b>	<b>\$ 196,276</b>	<b>\$ 50,606</b>	<b>\$ 246,882</b>
Issuance of common stock	328,342	3	1,241	-	-	-	-	1,244	-	1,244
Share-based compensation expenses	-	-	280	-	-	-	-	280	-	280
Warrant expenses	-	-	425	-	-	-	-	425	-	425
Net income (loss)	-	-	-	(12,155)	-	-	-	(12,155)	2,300	(9,855)
Other comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(1,092)	8	(315)	(1,399)	(69)	(1,468)
<b>Balance at March 31, 2021</b>	<b>40,781,804</b>	<b>\$ 408</b>	<b>\$ 290,646</b>	<b>\$ (97,698)</b>	<b>\$ (5,621)</b>	<b>\$ 0</b>	<b>\$ (3,064)</b>	<b>\$ 184,671</b>	<b>\$ 52,837</b>	<b>\$ 237,508</b>
<b>Balance at December 31, 2019</b>										
<b>38,525,636</b>	<b>\$ 385</b>	<b>\$ 276,827</b>	<b>\$ (46,145)</b>	<b>\$ (4,568)</b>	<b>\$ 475</b>	<b>\$ (1,929)</b>	<b>\$ 225,045</b>	<b>\$ 46,739</b>	<b>\$ 271,784</b>	
Transition period adjustment pursuant to ASU 2019-08	-	-	413	(413)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of common stock	16,088	0	43	-	-	-	-	43	-	43
Share-based compensation expenses	-	-	291	-	-	-	-	291	-	291
Warrant expenses	-	-	278	-	-	-	-	278	-	278
Net income (loss)	-	-	-	(26,557)	-	-	-	(26,557)	576	(25,981)
Other comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(4,392)	(672)	233	(4,831)	163	(4,668)
<b>Balance at March 31, 2020</b>	<b>38,541,724</b>	<b>\$ 385</b>	<b>\$ 277,852</b>	<b>\$ (73,115)</b>	<b>\$ (8,960)</b>	<b>\$ (197)</b>	<b>\$ (1,696)</b>	<b>\$ 194,269</b>	<b>\$ 47,478</b>	<b>\$ 241,747</b>

**STARTEK, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**MARCH 31, 2021**  
(In thousands, except share and per share data)  
(Unaudited)

**1. OVERVIEW AND BASIS OF PREPARATION**

Unless otherwise noted in this report, any description of "us," "we," or "our," refers to StarTek, Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Company"). Financial information in this report is presented in U.S. dollars.

***Business***

Startek is a leading global provider of technology-enabled business process management solutions. The Company provides omni-channel customer experience, digital transformation and technology services to some of the finest brands globally. Startek is committed to impacting clients' business outcomes by focusing on enhancing customer experience and digital enablement across all touch points and channels. Startek has more than 42,000 CX experts globally spread across 46 delivery campuses in 13 countries. The Company services over 220 clients across various industries such as Banking and Financial Services, Insurance, Technology, Telecom, Healthcare, Travel and Hospitality, Consumer Goods, Retail, and Energy and Utilities.

The Company offers a repository of digital and omnichannel solutions based on decades of experience in driving growth by putting the customer at the center of our business. Because no one solution fits all, we have crafted solution delivery to suit a various industries. Startek has delivery campuses across India, United States, Malaysia, Philippines, Australia, South Africa, Canada, Honduras, Jamaica, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, Argentina, Peru and Sri Lanka.

***Basis of preparation***

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US-GAAP") for interim financial information and instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all information and footnotes required by US-GAAP for complete financial statements.

These consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring entries, except as noted) which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for fair presentation. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of full year results.

The consolidated financial statements reflect the financial results of all subsidiaries that are more than 50% owned and over which the Company exerts control. When the Company does not have majority ownership in an entity but exerts significant influence over that entity, the Company accounts for the entity under the equity method of accounting. All intercompany balances are eliminated on consolidation. Where our ownership of a subsidiary was less than 100%, the non-controlling interest is reported in our consolidated balance sheet. The non-controlling interest in our consolidated net income is reported as "Net income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests" in our consolidated statement of income (loss).

As of December 31, 2020, the consolidated balance sheet included herein was derived from the audited financial statements as of that date, but does not include all disclosures including notes required by US-GAAP. As such, the information included in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020.

The figures for the corresponding previous year have been regrouped/reclassified wherever necessary, to make them comparable.

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### *Use of Estimates*

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the useful lives of property, plant and equipment, intangibles, impairment of goodwill, valuation allowances for deferred tax assets, leases and provision for doubtful debts, and restructuring costs. Management believes that the estimates used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are reasonable, and management has made assumptions about the possible effects of the novel coronavirus ("COVID-19") pandemic on critical and significant accounting estimates. Although these estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from these estimates. Any changes in estimates are adjusted prospectively in the Company's consolidated financial statements.

### *Revenue*

The Company utilizes a five-step process given in ASC 606, for revenue recognition that focuses on the transfer of control, rather than the transfer of risks and rewards. It also provided additional guidance on accounting for contract acquisition and fulfillment costs. Refer Note 4 on "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" for further information.

### *Leases*

We determine if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Operating leases are included in right-of-use ("ROU") assets, current maturity of operating lease liabilities, and operating lease liabilities in our consolidated balance sheet. Finance leases are included in property plant and equipment, long-term debt, accrued expenses and other current liabilities in our consolidated balance sheet.

ROU assets represent our right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent our obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Operating lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of remaining lease payments over the balance lease term. As most of our leases do not provide an implicit rate, we use our incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at the date of initial application on determining the present value of lease payments. The operating lease ROU asset also includes any lease payments made and excludes lease incentives. Our lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain to exercise that option. Lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Company elected the practical expedient permitted under the transition guidance under Topic 842, which among other matters, allowed the Company (i) not to apply the recognition requirements to short-term leases (leases with a lease term of 12 months or less), (ii) not to reassess whether any expired or existing contracts are or contain leases, (iii) not to reassess the lease classification for any expired or existing leases, and (iv) not to reassess initial direct costs for any existing leases

We have lease agreements with lease and non-lease components, which are generally accounted for separately.

Rent discounts and deferment of rent which were received due to COVID-19 have been accounted for without lease modification using the practical expedient provided by the FASB. Refer to Note 13 "Leases" for information and related disclosures.

### ***Business Combinations***

The Company accounts for business combinations under the acquisition method of accounting in accordance with ASC 805, Business Combinations, by recognizing identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired, liabilities assumed, and non-controlling interests in the acquired business at their fair values. The excess of the cost of the acquired business over the fair value of the identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill. Acquisition related costs are expensed as incurred.

### ***Goodwill and Intangible Assets***

Goodwill represents the cost of acquired businesses in excess of the fair value of identifiable tangible and intangible net assets purchased. Goodwill is not amortized but is tested for impairment at least on an annual basis on December 31, based on a number of factors, including operating results, business plans and future cash flows. The Company performs an assessment of qualitative factors to determine whether the existence of events or circumstances leads to a determination that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. Based on the assessment of events or circumstances, the Company performs a quantitative assessment of goodwill impairment if it determines that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. If, based on the quantitative impairment analysis, the carrying value of a reporting unit exceeds the fair value of reporting units, an impairment loss is recognized in an amount equal to the excess. In addition, the Company performs a quantitative assessment of goodwill impairment between annual tests if an event occurs or circumstances change that would be more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying amount. Refer to Note 3 for information and related disclosures.

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination were recorded at fair value at acquisition date using generally accepted valuation methods appropriate for the type of intangible asset. Intangible assets with definite lives are amortized over the estimated useful lives and are reviewed for impairment at least annually, or more frequently if indicators of impairment arise. Refer Note 3 on "Goodwill and Intangible assets" for further information.

### ***Foreign Currency Matters***

The Company has operations in Argentina and its functional currency has historically been the Argentine Peso. The Company monitors inflation rates in countries where it operates as required by US GAAP. Under ASC 830-10-45-12, an economy must be classified as highly inflationary when the cumulative three-year rate exceeds 100%. Considering the inflation data of Argentina, the Company has considered Argentina to be highly inflationary beginning on July 1, 2018. In accordance with ASC 830, the functional currency of the Argentina business has been changed to USD, which requires re-measurement of the local books to USD. Exchange gains and losses are recorded through net income instead of through other comprehensive income as had been done historically. Translation adjustments from periods prior to the change in functional currency were not removed from equity.

### ***Investment in equity-accounted investees***

Investment in equity-accounted investee is an entity over which the Company has significant influence and which is neither a subsidiary nor a joint arrangement. Significant influence is the power to participate in the investee's financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

Investment in equity-accounted investee is accounted using equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, the investment in equity-accounted investee is initially recognized at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post acquisition changes in the Company's share of net assets of the equity-accounted investees. Goodwill relating to investment in equity-accounted investees, if any, is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is neither amortized nor individually tested for impairment.

The consolidated statement of income reflects the Company's share of the results of operations of the equity-accounted investees. When there has been a change recognized directly in the equity of the equity-accounted investees, the Company recognizes its share of any changes and discloses this, when applicable, in the statement of stockholders' equity. Unrealized gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Company and the equity-accounted investment are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the equity-accounted investees. The Company's share of profit/loss of equity-accounted investees is shown on the face of the consolidated statement of income/(loss).

The financial statements of the equity-accounted investee are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company. When necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Company. After application of the equity method, the company determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in equity-accounted investees is impaired, if there has been an other than temporary decline in carrying value. If this is the case, the Company calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and recognizes the amount in the 'share of profit/(loss) of equity-accounted investees in the consolidated statement of income (loss).

### ***Stock-Based Compensation***

We recognize expense related to all share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, based on the grant-date fair values amortized straight-line over the period during which the employees are required to provide services in exchange for the equity instruments. We include an estimate of forfeitures when calculating compensation expense. We use the Black-Scholes method for valuing stock-based awards. See Note 10, "Share-Based Compensation" for further information.

### ***Common Stock Warrant Accounting***

We account for common stock warrants as equity instruments, based on the specific terms of our warrant agreement. For more information refer to Note 10, "Share-Based Compensation."

### ***Recent Accounting Pronouncements***

In June 2016, FASB issued ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326) ("ASU 2016-13"), Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments. The standard significantly changes how entities will measure credit losses for most financial assets and certain other instruments that aren't measured at fair value through net income. The standard will replace today's "incurred loss" approach with an "expected loss" model for instruments measured at amortized cost. For available-for-sale debt securities, entities will be required to record allowances rather than reduce the carrying amount, as they do today under the other-than-temporary impairment model. It also simplifies the accounting model for purchased credit-impaired debt securities and loans. This ASU is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2022, and interim periods therein for smaller reporting companies. We do not expect the adoption of ASU 2016-13 will have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In March 2020, the FASB issued ASU No. 2020-04, "Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting." This ASU provides temporary optional expedients and exceptions to the guidance in US GAAP on contract modifications and hedge accounting to ease the financial reporting burdens related to the expected market transition from the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") and other interbank offered rates to alternative reference rates, such as the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR"). Entities can elect not to apply certain modification accounting requirements to contracts affected by what the guidance calls reference rate reform, if certain criteria are met. An entity that makes this election would not have to remeasure the contracts at the modification date or reassess a previous accounting determination. The guidance is effective upon issuance and generally can be applied through December 31, 2022. The Company is still in the process of assessing the impact of this ASU.

### 3. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

#### Goodwill

The carrying value of goodwill is allocated to reporting units as follows:

Reporting Units	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Americas	64,315	64,315
India	12,554	12,554
Malaysia	47,543	47,543
Saudi Arabia	54,840	54,840
South Africa	-	-
Argentina	-	-
Australia	4,145	4,145
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 183,397</b>	<b>\$ 183,397</b>

We perform a goodwill impairment analysis at least annually (in the fourth quarter of each year) unless indicators of impairment exist in interim periods. The Goodwill was allocated to new reporting units using a relative fair value allocation approach. We performed a quantitative assessment to determine if the fair value of each of our reporting units with goodwill exceeded its carrying value.

The assumptions used in the analysis are based on the Company's internal budget. The Company projected revenue, operating margins and cash flows for a period of five years and applied a perpetual long-term growth rate using discounted cash flows (DCF) method. These assumptions are reviewed annually as part of management's budgeting and strategic planning cycles. These estimates may differ from actual results. In arriving at its forecasts, the Company considered past experience, economic trends and inflation, and industry and market trends, including the outbreak of COVID-19. The projections also took into account factors such as the expected impact from new client wins and expansion from existing clients businesses and efficiency initiatives, and the maturity of the markets in which each business operates.

As of March 31, 2021, based on the qualitative assessment, we concluded there is no impairment of goodwill.

The following table presents the changes in goodwill during the three months ended March 31, 2021 and year ended December 31, 2020:

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Opening balance	183,397	219,341
Impairment	-	(35,944)
Ending balance	<b>\$ 183,397</b>	<b>\$ 183,397</b>

#### Intangible Assets

The following table presents our intangible assets:

	As of March 31, 2021			
	Gross Intangibles	Accumulated Amortization	Net Intangibles	Weighted Average Amortization Period (years)
Customer relationships	66,220	17,675	48,545	6.5
Brand	49,500	12,312	37,188	7.1
Trademarks	13,210	2,375	10,835	7.5
Other intangibles	2,130	819	1,311	4.9
	<b>\$ 131,060</b>	<b>\$ 33,181</b>	<b>\$ 97,879</b>	
	As of December 31, 2020			
	Gross Intangibles	Accumulated Amortization	Net Intangibles	Weighted Average Amortization Period (years)
Customer relationships	66,220	16,289	49,931	6.5
Brand	49,500	11,408	38,092	7.1
Trademarks	13,210	2,155	11,055	7.5
Other intangibles	2,130	768	1,362	4.9
	<b>\$ 131,060</b>	<b>\$ 30,621</b>	<b>\$ 100,440</b>	

As of March 31, 2021, based on the qualitative assessment, we concluded there is no impairment of the Company's intangible assets.

Expected future amortization of intangible as of March 31, 2021 is as follows:

Years Ending December 31,	Amount
Remainder of 2021	7,762
2022	10,350
2023	10,306
2024	10,252
2025	10,252



#### 4. REVENUE

The Company follows a five-step process in accordance with ASC 606, for revenue recognition that focuses on transfer of control, rather than transfer of risks and rewards.

##### ***Contracts with Customers***

All of the Company's revenues are derived from written contracts with our customers. Generally speaking, our contracts document our customers' intent to utilize our services and the relevant terms and conditions under which our services will be provided. Our contracts generally do not contain minimum purchase requirements nor do they include termination penalties. Our customers may generally cancel our contract, without cause, upon written notice (generally ninety days). While our contracts do have stated terms, because of the facts stated above, they are accounted for on a month-to-month basis.

Our contracts give us the right to bill for services rendered during the period, which for most of our customers is a calendar month, with a few customers specifying a fiscal month. Our payment terms vary by client and generally range from due upon receipt to 60-90 days.

##### ***Performance Obligations***

We have identified one main performance obligation for which we invoice our customers, which is to stand ready to provide care services for our customers' clients. A stand-ready obligation is a promise that a customer will have access to services as and when the customer decides to use them. Ours is considered a stand-ready obligation because the delivery of the underlying service (that is, receiving customer contact and performing the associated care services) is outside of our control or the control of our customer.

Our stand-ready obligation involves outsourcing of the entire customer care life cycle, including:

- The identification, operation, management and maintenance of facilities, IT equipment, and IT and telecommunications infrastructure
- Management of the entire human resources function, including recruiting, hiring, training, supervising, evaluating, coaching, retaining, compensating, providing employee benefits programs, and disciplinary activities

These activities are all considered an integral part of the production activities required in the service of standing ready to accept calls as and when they are directed to us by our clients.

**Revenue Recognition Methods**

Because our customers receive and consume the benefit of our services as they are performed and we have the contractual right to invoice for services performed to date, we have concluded that our performance obligation is satisfied over time. Accordingly, we recognize revenue for our services in the month they are performed.

We are generally entitled to invoice for our services on a monthly basis. We invoice according to the hourly and/or per transaction rates stated in each contract for the various activities we perform. Some contracts include opportunities to earn bonuses or include parameters under which we will incur penalties related to performance in any given month. Bonus or penalty amounts are based on the current month's performance. Formulas are included in the contracts for calculation of any bonus or penalty. There is no other performance in future periods that will impact the bonus or penalty calculation in the current period. We estimate the amount of the bonus or penalty using the "most likely amount" method and we apply this method consistently. The bonus or penalty calculated is generally approved by the client prior to billing (and revenue being recognized).

**Practical expedients and exemptions**

Because the Company's contracts are essentially month-to-month, we have elected the following practical expedients:

- ASC 606-10-50-14 exempts companies from disclosure of the transaction price allocated to remaining performance obligations if the performance obligation is part of a contract that has an original expected duration of one year or less
- ASC 340-40-25-4 allows companies to recognize the incremental costs of obtaining a contract as an expense when incurred if the amortization period of the asset that the entity otherwise would have recognized is one year or less.
- ASC 606-10-32-2A allows an entity to make an accounting policy election to exclude from the measurement of the transaction price all taxes assessed by a governmental authority that are both imposed on and concurrent with a specific revenue-producing transaction and collected by the entity from a customer (for example, sales, use, value added, and some excise taxes)
- ASC 606-10-55-18 allows an entity that has a right to consideration from a customer in an amount that corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the entity's performance completed to date (for example, a service contract in which an entity bills a fixed amount for each hour of service provided), the entity may recognize revenue in the amount to which the entity has a right to invoice.

**Disaggregated Revenue**

Revenues by our clients' industry verticals for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 respectively:

<b>Vertical:</b>	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
Telecom	51,674	55,697
E-commerce & Consumer	26,102	25,958
Media & Cable	25,794	23,194
Healthcare & Education	17,687	13,448
Financial & Business Services	15,450	13,439
Travel & Hospitality	10,497	15,803
Technology, IT & Related Services	5,081	5,050
All other segments	11,210	8,588
<b>Gross Revenue</b>	<b>163,495</b>	<b>161,177</b>
Less: Warrant Contra Revenue	(425)	(278)
<b>Net Revenue</b>	<b>\$ 163,070</b>	<b>\$ 160,899</b>

## 5. NET GAIN / (LOSS) PER SHARE

Basic earnings per common share is computed based on our weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share is computed based on our weighted average number of common shares outstanding plus the effect of dilutive stock options, non-vested restricted stock, and deferred stock units, using the treasury stock method.

When a net loss is reported, potentially issuable common shares are excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share as their effect would be anti-dilutive.

For three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, following number of shares were used in the computation of basic/diluted earnings per share calculation (in thousands):

	<b>Three months ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
<b>Shares used in basic earnings per share calculation:</b>	40,592	38,528
Effect of dilutive securities:		
Stock options	-	-
Restricted stock/Deferred stock units	-	-
<b>Total effects of dilutive securities</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Shares used in dilutive earnings per share calculation:</b>	<b>40,592</b>	<b>38,528</b>

The Company always maintained Startek's 2008 Equity Incentive Plan (see Note 10, "Share-based compensation and employee benefit plans" for more information).

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2021</b>	<b>2020</b>
<b>Anti-dilutive securities:</b>		
Stock options	2,099	2,316

## 6. IMPAIRMENT LOSSES & RESTRUCTURING/EXIT COST

### *Impairment Loss*

As of March 31, 2021, based on the qualitative assessment, we concluded there is no impairment of goodwill.

### *Restructuring / Exit Cost*

The table below summarizes the balance of accrued restructuring cost, voluntary/involuntary termination costs and other acquisition related costs, which are included in other accrued liabilities in our consolidated balance sheet. The changes during the three months ended March 31, 2021 and year ended December 31, 2020.

	<b>Employee related</b>	<b>Facilities related</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Balance as of December 31, 2020</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 25</b>	<b>\$ 25</b>
Accruals/(reversals)	1,870	28	1,898
Payments	(670)	(53)	(723)
<b>Balance as of March 31, 2021</b>	<b>\$ 1,200</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 1,200</b>
	<b>Employee related</b>	<b>Facilities related</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Balance at December 31, 2019</b>	<b>\$ 1,326</b>	<b>\$ 514</b>	<b>\$ 1,840</b>
Accruals/(reversals)	1,499	356	1,855
Payments	(2,825)	(845)	(3,670)
<b>Balance at December 31, 2020</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 25</b>	<b>\$ 25</b>

### *Employee related*

In 2021, the Company has closed one of its facilities in Canada, where we have terminated service of number of employees. We have also offered a voluntary retirement plan to certain employees in one other geography. We have recognized a provision for employee-related costs regarding the above voluntary / involuntary termination. We expect to pay the remaining termination costs of \$1,200 by the end of the second quarter of 2021.

**7. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS****Cash flow hedges**

Our locations in Canada and the Philippines primarily serve US-based clients. The revenues from these clients are billed and collected in US Dollars, but the expenses related to these revenues are paid in Canadian Dollars and Philippine Pesos. We enter into derivative contracts, in the form of forward contracts and range forward contracts (a transaction where both a call option is purchased and a put option is sold) to mitigate this foreign currency exchange risk. The contracts cover periods commensurate with expected exposure, generally three to twelve months. We have elected to designate our derivatives as cash flow hedges to associate the hedges' results with forecasted expenses.

The Company had terminated all cash flow hedges contracts early in April, 2020 due to a change in counterparty relationship, hence balance as on March 31, 2021 is nil.

	<u>Gain (Loss) Recognized in AOCI, net of tax Three Months Ended March 31, 2021</u>	<u>Gain (Loss) Recognized in AOCI, net of tax Three Months Ended March 31, 2020</u>	<u>Gain/ (Loss) Reclassified from AOCI into Income Three Months Ended March 31, 2021</u>	<u>Gain/ (Loss) Reclassified from AOCI into Income Three Months Ended March 31, 2020</u>
Cash flow hedges:				
Foreign exchange contracts	-	(860)	8	188

**Non-designated hedges**

We have also entered into foreign currency range forward contracts and interest swap contract as required by our lenders. These hedges are not designated hedges under ASC 815, *Derivatives and Hedging*. These contracts generally do not exceed 3 years in duration.

Unrealized gains and losses and changes in fair value of these derivatives are recognized as incurred in Exchange gains (losses), net in the consolidated statement of income (loss). The following table presents these amounts for the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020:

<b>Derivatives not designated under ASC 815</b>	<u>For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2021</u>	<u>For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2020</u>
Foreign currency forward contracts	\$ -	\$ 1,771
Interest rate swap	\$ -	\$ (340)

The Company had terminated all derivative (non-designated hedge) contracts in November, 2020 and realized and accounted for gain and loss on settlement of contracts in consolidated statement of income (loss).

## 8. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy requires that the Company maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

Level 1 - Quoted prices for identical instruments traded in active markets.

Level 2 - Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques for which all significant assumptions are observable in the market.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs that cannot be supported by market activity and significant to the fair value of the asset, liability, or equity such as the use of certain pricing models, discounted cash flow models, and similar techniques use significant assumptions. These unobservable inputs reflect our own estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability:

### *Derivative Instruments*

The values of our derivative instruments are derived from pricing models using inputs based upon market information, including contractual terms, market prices and yield curves. The inputs to the valuation pricing models are observable in the market, and as such the derivatives are classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

As on March 31,2021, the Company has settled all derivative contracts, hence there are no derivative assets and liabilities.

## 9. DEBT

The below table presents details of the Company's debt:

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
<b>Short term debt</b>		
Working capital facilities	5,230	15,506
<b>Current portion of long term debt</b>		
Current maturity of long term loan	-	-
Current maturity of equipment loan	1,889	1,664
Current maturity of finance lease obligations	523	516
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 7,642</b>	<b>\$ 17,686</b>
<b>Long term debt</b>		
Term loan, net of debt issuance costs	162,302	114,930
Equipment loan	2,521	2,955
Finance lease obligations	293	430
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 165,116</b>	<b>\$ 118,315</b>

### Working capital facilities

The Company has a number of working capital facilities in various countries in which it operates. These facilities provide for a combined borrowing capacity of approximately \$30 million for a number of working capital products. These facilities bear interest at benchmark rate plus margins between 3.0% and 4.5% and are due on demand. These facilities are collateralized by various Company assets and have a total outstanding balance of \$5.2 million as of March 31, 2021.

### Term loan

On February 18, 2021, the Company completed a debt refinancing with a newly secured \$185 million senior debt facility, comprising a \$165 million term loan and a \$20 million revolving credit facility. Under the new senior debt, borrowings will bear a tiered interest rate based on the Company's consolidated net leverage ratio and is initially set at LIBOR plus 450 basis points.

The term loan facility amortizes 2.5% on the date that is 21, and 24 months from closing, 3.75% on the date that is 27, 30, 33 and 36 months from closing, 5.0% on the date that is 39, 42, 45, 48 and 51 months from closing, 10% on the date that is 54 months from closing and 15% on the date that is 57 months from closing and balance will be paid on closure of term loan.

On February 22, 2021, the Company used proceeds from the above facilities agreement to prepay and terminate the existing credit facility made available to it under that certain Amended and Restated Senior Term and Revolving Facilities Agreement, dated October 27, 2017.

Principal payments due on the term loan are as follows:

Years	Amount
Remainder of 2021	-
2022	4,125
2023	22,688
2024	30,938
2025	57,750
2026	49,500
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 165,000</b>

The Term loan has a floating interest rate of USD LIBOR plus 4.5% annually for the first year and thereafter the margin will range between 3.75% and 4.5% subject to certain financial ratios.

The Company incurred a debt issuance costs of \$11.3 million in connection with the new term loan. As per ASC 470, accounting guidance on term loan extinguishment, the Company has expensed off the debt issuance cost of \$8.5 million paid to the lenders towards the new term loan and \$2.5 million remaining unamortised debt issuance cost of the old term loan in interest expenses, net in the consolidated statements of income (loss).

In connection with the new term loan, the unamortized debt issuance costs as of March 31, 2021 amount to \$2.7 million paid to third parties are net against long term debt on the consolidated balance sheet.

Following table presents the changes in debt issuance cost during the three months ended March 31, 2021 and year ended December 31, 2020:

	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
<b>Opening balance</b>	<b>\$ 2,670</b>	<b>\$ 4,125</b>
Add: Debt issuance cost (refinancing of term loan)	11,269	-
Less: Expensed out (ASC 470 - extinguishment or modification)	(10,937)	-
Less: Amortisation of debt issuance cost	(304)	(1,455)
<b>Closing balance</b>	<b>\$ 2,698</b>	<b>\$ 2,670</b>

***Non-recourse factoring***

We have entered into factoring agreements with financial institutions to sell certain of our accounts receivable under non-recourse agreements. Under the arrangement, the Company sells the trade receivables on a non-recourse basis and accounts for the transactions as sales of receivables. The applicable receivables are removed from the Company's consolidated balance sheet when the Company receives the cash proceeds. We do not service any factored accounts after the factoring has occurred. We utilize factoring arrangements as part of our financing for working capital. The balance of funds received from factored receivables under these agreements was \$26.4 million as of March 31, 2021.

***BMO Equipment Loan***

On December 27, 2018, the Company executed an agreement to secure a loan against US and Canadian assets for \$2.06 million at the interest of 7.57% per annum, to be repaid over 2.5 years. The loan was funded in January 2019. The amount outstanding as at March 31, 2021 is \$0.4 million.

***Equipment Loan***

On November 02, 2020, the Company executed Master Equipment Finance Agreement to finance purchase of equipment for \$4 million at the interest of 5.27% per annum with a maturity date 34 months after the date of first utilization of equipment loan. Amortization of the equipment loan starts from a date falling in April 2021 i.e. 4 months from the first utilization of the loan.

***Finance lease obligations***

From time to time and when management believes it to be advantageous, we may enter into other arrangements to finance the purchase or construction of capital assets.

## 10. SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

### *Amazon Warrant*

On January 23, 2018, Startek entered into the Amazon Transaction Agreement, pursuant to which we agreed to issue to Amazon.com NV Investment Holdings LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Amazon (“NV Investment”), a warrant (the “Warrant”) to acquire up to 4,000,000 shares (the “Warrant Shares”) of our common stock, par value \$0.01 per share (“Common Stock”), subject to certain vesting events. On May 17, 2019, the Company issued and sold 692,520 shares of Common Stock to certain investors at a price per share of \$7.48. The Warrant contains certain anti-dilution provisions and as a result of such offering, the total number of shares issuable to Amazon was adjusted from 4,000,000 to 4,002,964 and the exercise price of the Warrant was adjusted from \$9.96 per share to \$9.95 per share. On June 29, 2020, the Company issued and sold 1,540,041 shares of Common Stock to CSP Victory Limited at a price per share of \$4.87 per share. As a result of such transaction, the total number of shares issuable to Amazon has been adjusted from 4,002,964 to 4,006,051 and the exercise price of the Warrant was adjusted from \$9.95 per share to \$9.94 per share. We entered into the Amazon Transaction Agreement in connection with commercial arrangements between us and any of our affiliates and Amazon and/or any of its affiliates pursuant to which we and any of our affiliates provide and will continue to provide commercial services to Amazon and/or any of its affiliates. The vesting of the Warrant shares, described below, is linked to payments made by Amazon or its affiliates (directly or indirectly through third parties) pursuant to the commercial arrangements.

The first tranche of 425,532 Warrant Shares vested upon the execution of the Amazon Transaction Agreement. The remainder of the Warrant Shares will vest in various tranches based on Amazon’s payment of up to \$600 million to us or any of our affiliates in connection with the receipt by Amazon or any of its affiliates of commercial services from us or any of our affiliates. The Warrant Shares are exercisable through January 23, 2026.

The second tranche of 212,766 Warrant Shares vested on May 31, 2019. The amount of contra revenue attributed to these Warrant Shares is \$730.

The third tranche of 212,953 Warrant Shares vested on Feb 29, 2020. The amount of contra revenue attributed to these Warrant Shares is \$278 after adjusting the impact of \$413 towards adoption of ASU 2019-08 on January 01, 2020 and \$565 towards accrual till December 31, 2019, respectively using initial grant-date fair value.

The fourth tranche of 213,162 Warrant Shares vested on Dec 31, 2020. The amount of contra revenue attributed to these Warrant Shares is \$1,257 using initial grant-date fair value.

As per ASC 606, the Company has accrued \$ 425 till March 31, 2021 using initial grant-date fair value.

The contra-revenue and equity are estimated and recorded, using the Monte Carlo pricing model, when performance completion is probable, with adjustments in each reporting period until performance is complete in conformance with ASC 606 and ASC 718 requirements.

The Warrant provides for net share settlement that will reduce the number of shares issued upon exercise to reflect net settlement of the exercise price if elected by the holders. The Warrant provides for certain adjustments that may be made to the exercise price and the number of shares of common stock issuable upon exercise due to customary anti-dilution provisions based on future events. Vested Warrant Shares are classified as equity instruments.

### *Share-based compensation*

Our share-based compensation arrangements include grants of stock options, restricted stock units and deferred stock units under the StarTek, Inc. 2008 Equity Incentive Plan and our Employee Stock Purchase Plan. The compensation expense that has been charged against income for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was \$280 and is included in selling, general and administrative expense. As of March 31, 2021, there was \$1,451 of total unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested stock options, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.17 years.

**11. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS**

Accumulated other comprehensive loss consists of the following items:

	<b>Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment</b>	<b>Derivatives Accounted for as Cash Flow Hedges</b>	<b>Defined Benefit Plan</b>	<b>Equity attributable to Startek shareholders</b>	<b>Non- controlling interests</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Balance at December 31, 2020</b>	<b>\$ (4,529)</b>	<b>\$ (8)</b>	<b>\$ (2,749)</b>	<b>\$ (7,286)</b>	<b>\$ (3,071)</b>	<b>\$ (10,357)</b>
Foreign currency translation	(1,092)	-	-	(1,092)	-	(1,092)
Reclassification to operations	-	8	-	8	-	8
Unrealized losses	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pension remeasurement	-	-	(315)	(315)	(69)	(384)
<b>Balance at March 31, 2021</b>	<b><u>\$ (5,621)</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 0</u></b>	<b><u>\$ (3,064)</u></b>	<b><u>\$ (8,685)</u></b>	<b><u>\$ (3,140)</u></b>	<b><u>\$ (11,825)</u></b>

## 12. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company provides business process outsourcing services (“BPO”) to clients in various industries and geographical locations. Our approach is focused on providing our clients with the best possible combination of services and delivery locations to meet our clients' needs in the best and most efficient manner. Our Global Chief Executive Officer (CEO), who has been identified as the Chief Operating Decision Maker (“CODM”), reviews financial information mainly on a geographical basis.

Our operating business model is focused on geographies in which we operate. Our CODM reviews the performance and makes resource allocation geography wise, hence the geographical level represents the operating segments of Startek Inc.

We report our results of operations in Six reportable segments, as follows:

- a) Americas
- b) India and Sri Lanka
- c) Malaysia
- d) Middle East
- e) Argentina & Peru
- f) Rest of World

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2021	2020
<b>Revenue:</b>		
Americas	63,925	68,168
India & Sri Lanka	21,482	24,252
Malaysia	14,965	11,885
Middle East	43,240	34,517
Argentina & Peru	8,159	10,208
Rest of World	11,299	11,869
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 163,070</b>	<b>\$ 160,899</b>

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2021	2020
<b>Operating income (loss):</b>		
Americas	1,895	926
India & Sri Lanka	(1,228)	(695)
Malaysia	4,414	1,635
Middle East	5,741	1,617
Argentina & Peru	(43)	16
Rest of World	399	272
<b>Segment operating income</b>	<b>\$ 11,178</b>	<b>\$ 3,771</b>
<b>Startek consolidation adjustments</b>		
Goodwill impairment	-	22,708
Intangible amortization	2,560	2,582
<b>Total operating income</b>	<b>\$ 8,618</b>	<b>\$ (21,519)</b>

A single client accounted for 19% and 17% of the consolidated total net revenue during the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Property, plant and equipment, net by geography based on the location of the assets is presented below:

	As on March 31, 2021	As on December 31, 2020
	<b>Property, plant and equipment, net:</b>	
Americas	14,111	14,455
India & Sri Lanka	8,669	8,069
Malaysia	3,441	3,749
Middle East	5,195	4,736
Argentina & Peru	1,133	1,257
Rest of World	1,804	1,959
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 34,353</b>	<b>\$ 34,225</b>

### 13. LEASES

We have operating and finance leases for service centers, corporate offices and certain equipments. Our leases have remaining lease terms of 1 year to 10 years, some of which include options to extend the leases for up to 3-5 years, and some of which include options to terminate the leases within 1 year.

The components of lease expense were as follows:

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2021</b>	<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2020</b>
<b>Operating lease cost</b>	<u>6,809</u>	<u>7,259</u>
<b>Finance lease cost:</b>		
Amortization of right-of-use assets	185	327
Interest on lease liabilities	17	43
<b>Total Finance lease cost</b>	<u>\$ 202</u>	<u>\$ 370</u>

Supplemental cash flow information related to leases was as follows:

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2021</b>	<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2020</b>
<b>Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:</b>		
Operating cash flows from operating leases	6,782	7,183
Operating cash flow from finance leases	17	43
Financing cash flows from finance leases	203	116
<b>Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations:</b>		
Operating leases	2,003	13,558
Finance leases	-	-

Supplemental balance sheet information related to leases was as follows:

	<b>As of March 31, 2021</b>	<b>As of December 31, 2020</b>
<b>Operating leases</b>		
<b>Operating lease right-of-use assets</b>	<b>\$ 65,396</b>	<b>\$ 69,376</b>
Operating lease liabilities - Current	18,724	19,327
Operating lease liabilities - Non-current	48,697	52,052
<b>Total operating lease liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 67,421</b>	<b>\$ 71,379</b>
<b>Finance Leases</b>		
Property and equipment, at cost	4,351	4,351
Accumulated depreciation	(3,208)	(3,010)
<b>Property and equipment, at net</b>	<b>\$ 1,143</b>	<b>\$ 1,341</b>
Finance lease liabilities - Current	523	516
Finance lease liabilities - Non-current	293	430
<b>Total finance lease liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 816</b>	<b>\$ 946</b>
<b>Weighted average remaining lease term</b>		
Operating leases (in years)	4.00 yrs	4.18 yrs
Finance leases (in years)	0.67 yrs	0.92 yrs
<b>Weighted average discount rate</b>		
Operating leases	6.87%	6.90%
Finance leases	6.01%	6.00%

Maturities of lease liabilities were as follows:

	<b>Operating Leases</b>	<b>Finance Leases</b>
Year ending December 31,		
Remainder of 2021	22,556	428
2022	16,902	442
2023	13,117	-
2024	10,922	-
2025	4,837	-
Thereafter	2,853	-
<b>Total Lease payments</b>	<b>\$ 71,187</b>	<b>\$ 870</b>
Less imputed interest	(3,766)	(54)
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 67,421</b>	<b>\$ 816</b>

#### 14. INVESTMENT IN EQUITY-ACCOUNTED INVESTEEES

Following are the entity wise details of equity-accounted investees:

Name of entity	% of ownership interest		Carrying amount	
	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
a) CSS Corp LP	62.50%	0.00%	24,988	-
b) Immaterial associates			108	111
<b>Carrying amount of investment in equity-accounted investees</b>			<b>\$ 25,096</b>	<b>\$ 111</b>
			<b>March 31, 2021</b>	<b>March 31, 2020</b>
<b>Aggregate amounts of the group's share of loss of equity-accounted investees (a+b)</b>			<b>\$ (14)</b>	<b>\$ (8)</b>

##### a) CSS Corp LP

On February 25, 2021, the Company announced a \$25 million strategic minority investment in CSS Corp. ("CSS"), a new-age IT services and technology support solutions company that harnesses the power of AI, automation, analytics, cloud, and digital to address customer needs. Through this investment Startek acquired an indirect beneficial interest in CSS of approximately 26%, with Capital Square Partners ("CSP" or "CSP Fund"), a Singapore based Private Equity Fund Manager, and the Company's majority shareholder, acquiring the majority controlling stake.

The Company and CSP Alpha Holdings Pte. Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company, participated in this transaction by (i) contributing \$25 million to acquire approximately 62.5% in CSS Corp LP, and (ii) paying \$5 million to CSP Management Limited to acquire certain call options. These call options to acquire controlling stake in CSS are only exercisable by the Company during the period from August 19, 2022, to April 19, 2023, without any obligation and are currently considered to be not substantive.

The Company has assessed CSS Corp LP to be a variable interest entity ('VIE') and per ASC 810-10-25-44 concluded that it is not the primary beneficiary. Amongst other factors, the Company's basis of this conclusion is that it lacks the power to direct or control any significant activities of the VIE and that the design and structure of the VIE was not specifically for the benefit of the Company. Further, CSS Corp LP's objectives as an investment company is an extension of the investment activities of CSP Fund. The Company has accordingly, accounted for this transaction under equity-accounted investee method of accounting in accordance ASC 323-30-S999-1. The Company's share of profit/loss of equity-accounted investee, is accounted under the "equity method" as per which the share of profit/(loss) of equity-accounted investee has been added to the cost.

	As of March 31, 2021	As of December 31, 2020
<b>Summarized financial position</b>		
Current assets	5	-
Non-current assets	40,000	-
Current and non-current liabilities	(25)	-
<b>Net assets</b>	<b>\$ 39,980</b>	<b>\$ -</b>
	<b>As of March 31, 2021</b>	<b>As of December 31, 2020</b>
<b>Reconciliation to carrying amounts</b>		
Opening net assets	-	-
Acquired during the year	40,000	-
Share of loss of equity-accounted investee	(20)	-
Other comprehensive income	-	-
<b>Closing net assets</b>	<b>\$ 39,980</b>	<b>\$ -</b>
Company share in %	62.50%	0.00%
Company share	24,988	-
<b>Carrying amount of investment in equity-accounted investee</b>	<b>\$ 24,988</b>	<b>\$ -</b>
	<b>March 31, 2021</b>	<b>March 31, 2020</b>
<b>Summarized statement of comprehensive income</b>		
Revenue	-	-
Expenses	(20)	-
<b>Loss for the period</b>	<b>(20)</b>	<b>-</b>
Other comprehensive income for the period	-	-
<b>Total comprehensive loss for the period</b>	<b>\$ (20)</b>	<b>\$ -</b>
<b>Aggregate amounts of the Company share of loss of equity-accounted investee</b>	<b>\$ (12)</b>	<b>\$ -</b>

##### b) Individually immaterial associates

The Company has individually immaterial investments in equity accounted investee in Australia. It has 33.33% interest in Queensland Partnership Group Pty. Ltd and 16.67% interest in Services Queensland Partnership in Australia. The Company's share of profit/loss of equity accounted investee, is accounted under the "equity method" as per which the share of profit of equity accounted investee has been added to the cost.

	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
<b>Carrying amount of individually immaterial investment in equity-accounted investee</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>111</b>
<b>Aggregate amounts of individually immaterial share of:</b>		

Loss of equity-accounted investee	(2)	(8)
Other comprehensive income for the period	-	-
<b>Aggregate amounts of the Company share of loss of equity-accounted investee</b>	<b>\$ (2)</b>	<b>\$ (8)</b>

**15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS.**

None.

## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis of the results of operations and financial condition should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes that appear elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020 and with the information under the heading "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2020. All dollar amounts are presented in thousands other than per share data.

### BUSINESS DESCRIPTION AND OVERVIEW

Startek is a leading global provider of technology-enabled business process management solutions. The Company provides omni-channel customer experience, digital transformation and technology services to some of the finest brands globally. Startek is committed to impacting clients' business outcomes by focusing on enhancing customer experience and digital enablement across all touch points and channels. Startek has more than 42,000 CX experts globally spread across 46 delivery campuses in 13 countries. The Company services over 220 clients across various industries such as Banking and Financial Services, Insurance, Technology, Telecom, Healthcare, Travel and Hospitality, Consumer Goods, Retail, and Energy and Utilities.

Startek manages over half a billion customer moments of truth each year for the world's finest brands. We help these brands increase their revenues by enabling better experiences for their customers across multiple channels. As a leading provider of technology-enabled business process management solutions for major global brands—we drive business value through omni-channel customer experiences, digital transformation, and technology services.

### SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS

#### Coronavirus

The global outbreak of the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization and a national emergency by the U.S. government in March 2020. The pandemic has negatively impacted the global economy, disrupted global supply chains and created significant volatility and disruption of financial markets, and resulted in significant travel restrictions, mandated facility closures and shelter-in-place and social distancing orders in numerous jurisdictions around the world. Certain of our customer engagement centers have been impacted by local government actions restricting facility access or are operating at lower capacity utilization levels. In response to COVID-19, we have prioritized our employees' safety and well-being, business continuity for our clients, and supporting the efforts of governments around the world to contain the spread of the virus. In light of our commitment to help our clients as they navigate unprecedented business challenges while protecting the safety of our employees, we have taken numerous steps, and will continue to take further actions, to address the COVID-19 pandemic. We have taken additional measures to ensure safety of our employees in India who are facing a strong second wave of the Pandemic. We continue to work closely with our clients to support them as they implemented their contingency plans, helping them access our services and solutions remotely. In discussion with our clients, we continue to maintain many of our employees on a work-at-home model. The impact of COVID-19 in the first quarter of fiscal 2021 was not significant on the Company. The extent of the ultimate impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our operational and financial performance, including our ability to execute our operations within the expected parameters, will depend on future developments, including the duration and spread of the pandemic and related actions taken by the various governments to prevent disease spread, all of which remain uncertain and cannot be predicted.

#### Key matters pertaining to subsidiaries

##### Debt Refinancing

On February 18, 2021, CSP Alpha Holdings Pte. Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company entered into a new facility agreement that provided for a \$165 million term loan facility and a \$20 million revolving credit facility, in each case with a maturity date 60 months after the date of first utilization of the term loan facility. Amortization of the term loan starts from a date falling in November 2022, i.e. 21 months from the first utilization date of the loan. The term loan facility and the revolving loan facility each bear interest at a rate per annum equal to a LIBOR rate plus an applicable margin of between 3.75% and 4.50%, depending on an adjusted leverage ratio. The Facilities Agreement also contains financial covenants, including cash flow cover, adjusted leverage and limitations on capital expenditures. ING Bank N.V. and DBS Bank Ltd. served as underwriters for the new senior debt facility and were the lead lenders of the previous senior debt facility, which is now repaid in full.

On February 22, 2021, the Company used proceeds from the above facilities agreement to prepay and terminate the existing credit facility made available to it under that certain Amended and Restated Senior Term and Revolving Facilities Agreement, dated October 27, 2017.

##### Strategic Investment

On February 25, 2021, the Company has announced a strategic investment in CSS Corp. ("CSS"), a new-age IT services and technology support solutions company that harnesses the power of AI, automation, analytics, cloud and digital to address customer needs. Capital Square Partners ("CSP"), a Singapore based Private Equity Fund Manager and Startek's majority shareholder, acquired a controlling stake in CSS on February 25, 2021. CSP Alpha Holdings Pte. Ltd., a subsidiary of the Company, participated in this transaction by contributing a total of \$30 million in a limited partnership managed by CSP to acquire both an indirect beneficial interest of approximately 26% in CSS, as well as an option to acquire a controlling stake which is currently not exercisable. The option to acquire a majority stake in CSS is at the sole discretion of Startek, and the Company has no obligation to do so.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS — THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2021 AND 2021

### Revenue

Our gross revenues for the three month period ended March 31, 2021 increased by 1.44% to \$163,495 as compared to \$161,677 for the three month period ended March 31, 2020.

Our net revenue for the quarter ended March 31, 2021 and 2020:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2021	Three Months Ended March 31, 2020
Revenues	163,495	161,177
Warrant Contra Revenue	(425)	(278)
<b>Net Revenue</b>	<b>\$ 163,070</b>	<b>\$ 160,899</b>

Our net revenues adjusted for warrant contra revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2021 were slightly higher at \$163,070 compared to \$160,899 for the three months ended March 31, 2020.

The breakdown of our net revenues from various industry verticals for three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2021</b>	<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2020</b>
<b>Verticals:</b>		
Telecom	32%	35%
E-commerce & Consumer	16%	16%
Media & Cable	16%	14%
Healthcare & Education	11%	8%
Financial & Business Services	9%	8%
Travel & Hospitality	6%	10%
Technology, IT & Related Services	3%	3%
All other segments	7%	5%

The Company continues to see softness in the telecom sector volumes in certain emerging geographies while our US telecom clients have rebound. In the e-commerce and consumer sector, we continue to see robust growth with our e-commerce clients across geographies. This growth is partially offset by the year-on-year decline in some of our brick and mortar retail and auto clients.

While the travel and hospitality sector is still reeling under COVID-led restrictions, local transport and logistics providers benefit from social distancing norms. The Company has won large deals in the healthcare sector related to COVID-assistance programs which are driving the growth in the healthcare and education sector.

Our clients in the Financial and Business services and media and cable sector continue to post year-on-year growth depicting our increased penetration with our clients in these sectors.

### Cost of Services and Gross Profit

Overall, the cost of services as a percentage of revenue decreased to 84.9% for the three months ended March 31, 2021 compared to 87.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2020. Employee expenses, rent costs and Depreciation and amortization are the most significant costs for the Company, representing 75.7%, 5.4% and 4.4% of the total cost of services, respectively. The breakdown of the cost of services is listed in the table below

	Three Months Ended March 31,		As % of Revenue	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Employee Benefit Expenses	104,746	106,389	64.2%	66.1%
Rent expense	7,484	8,083	4.6%	5.0%
Depreciation and amortization	6,154	5,621	3.8%	3.5%
Other	19,999	20,748	12.3%	12.9%
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 138,383</b>	<b>\$ 140,841</b>		

*Employee expenses:* Our business heavily relies on our employees to provide professional services to our clients. Thus, our most significant costs are payments made to agents, supervisors, and trainers who are directly involved in delivering services to the clients.

Employee expenses as a percentage of revenues decreased to 64.2% for the current period as compared to 66.1% for the previous period. The decrease is driven by increasing diversification in our vertical mix towards new-age verticals like healthcare, media and cable and e-commerce.

*Rent expense:* Rent expense as a percentage of revenue decreased to 4.6% for the current period as compared to 5.0% for previous period. Rent expense decreased due to the rationalization of centers during the past few quarters. The Company has consolidated capacity leading to better utilization rates and lower rent costs.

*Depreciation and amortization:* Depreciation and amortization expense as a percentage of revenue for the current period was marginally higher at 3.8% as compared 3.5% for the previous period.

Other expense includes technology, utility, travel and outsourcing costs. As a percentage of revenue, these costs marginally decreased from 12.9% to 12.3% primarily due to lower travel, utilities and recruitment costs.

As a result, gross profit as a percentage of revenue for the current period increased to 15.1% as compared to 12.5% for the previous period.

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2021	2020
Gross Revenue	163,495	161,177
Less: Contra Revenue	(425)	(278)
<b>Net Revenue</b>	<b>\$ 163,070</b>	<b>\$ 160,899</b>
Cost of Services	(138,383)	(140,841)
<b>Gross Profit</b>	<b>\$ 24,687</b>	<b>\$ 20,058</b>
<b>Gross Margin</b>	<b>15.1%</b>	<b>12.5%</b>

### Selling, general and administrative expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses (SG&A) as a percentage of revenue decreased from 10.7% in the previous period to 8.7% in the current period. The reduction is as a result of various measures implemented to rationalize costs. Sequentially, SG&A expenses have remained stable.

### Impairment Losses and Restructuring/Exit Cost, Net

Impairment losses and restructuring/exits costs, net totaled \$1,898 for the current period as compared to \$24,322 for the previous period. The expense for the first quarter of 2021 primarily relates to employee related restructuring/exit expenses. There are no impairment charges during the current period. The expense for the previous period of 2020 primarily relates to goodwill impairment losses of \$22,708 and restructuring/exit expenses of \$1,614.

### Interest expense, net

Interest expense, net totaled \$13,769 for the current period as compared to \$3,506 for the previous period. The expense for the first quarter of 2021 comprises of upfront fees and interest expense on our term debt and revolving line of credit facilities.

### Income tax expense

Income tax expense for the current period was \$4,902 compared to \$2,876 for the previous period. The movement in effective tax rate was primarily due to shifts in earnings among the various jurisdictions in which we operate. Additionally, movement of funds between various geographies primarily to service our debt facilities also attract withholding taxes.

## RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE

In 2018, a transaction bonus was payable to Mr. Aparup Sengupta (Chairman & Global CEO) for the successful completion of the Startek-Aegis merger. This was accrued in the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018 as "Acquisition related cost". An amount of \$500 has been paid during the year ended December 31, 2020 to Mr. Aparup Sengupta and balance \$350 has been paid during this quarter.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our primary sources of liquidity are cash flows generated by operating activities, our working capital facilities, and term debt. We have historically utilized these resources to finance our operations and make capital expenditures associated with capacity expansion, upgrades of information technologies and service offerings, and business acquisitions. Due to the timing of our collections of receivables due from our major customers, we have historically needed to draw on our working capital facilities periodically for ongoing working capital needs. We have also entered into factoring agreements with financial institutions to sell certain of our accounts receivables under non-recourse agreement. The Company expects to meet all its debt obligations in a timely manner.

The Company entered into a newly secured \$185 million senior debt facility during the quarter, comprising a \$165 million term loan and a \$20 million revolving credit facility. Under the new senior debt, Borrowings will bear a tiered interest rate, which is based on the Company's consolidated net leverage ratio and is initially set at LIBOR plus 450 basis points. The term loan will have a moratorium on principal repayment for 21 months and will amortize quarterly thereafter, beginning November 2022. The loan is subject to certain standardized financial covenants. The Company fully repaid the amounts due under the old senior facilities from the proceeds of the new debt facility.

### *Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash*

As at March 31, 2021, cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash held by the Company and all its foreign subsidiaries increased by \$14,087 to \$64,646 compared to \$50,559 as of December 31, 2020. The restricted cash balance as at March 31, 2021 stood at \$6,981 as compared to \$6,052 as at December 31, 2020. The restricted cash pertains to debt service reserve account (DSRA) that we have to maintain according to the Senior Term Agreement and for certain term deposits that need to be maintained in accordance with some of our lease and client agreements.

### *Cash flows from operating activities*

For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 we reported net cash flows generated from operating activities of \$7,097 and \$10,546 respectively. The \$3,449 increase in net cash flows from operating activities was due to a net increase of \$2,454 in cash flows from assets and liabilities, a \$(22,029) decrease in non-cash reconciling items such as goodwill impairment, deferred tax expense, depreciation and amortization and warrant contra revenue, and an increase of \$16,126 in net income.

### *Cash flows used in investing activities*

For the three months ended March 31, 2021, and 2020 we reported net cash used in investing activities of \$27,922 and \$2,884 respectively. Net cash used in investing activities for current periods primarily consisted of strategic investment in equity-accounted investees and capital expenditure.

### *Cash flows generated from financing activities*

For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 we reported net cash flows generated from financing activities of \$35,337 and \$421, respectively. During the three months ended March 31, 2021 our net borrowings increased by \$34,093 mainly due to refinancing of senior term debt completed during the quarter. The Company collected \$1,244 from the issuance of common stock of the Company.

### *Debt*

For more information, refer to Note 9, "Debt," to our consolidated financial statements included in Item 1, "Financial Statements."

## CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

Smaller reporting companies are not required to provide the information required by this item.

## OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

Apart from certain non-recourse receivables factoring as mentioned in the Note 9 "Debt" of the notes to the consolidated financial statements, we have no other material off-balance sheet transactions, unconditional purchase obligations or similar instruments, and we are not a guarantor of any other entities' debt or other financial obligations.

## VARIABILITY OF OPERATING RESULTS

We have experienced and expect to continue to experience some quarterly variations in revenue and operating results due to a variety of factors, many of which are outside our control, including: (i) timing and amount of costs incurred to expand capacity in order to provide for volume growth from existing and future clients; (ii) changes in the volume of services provided to clients; (iii) expiration or termination of client projects or contracts; (iv) timing of existing and future client product launches or service offerings; (v) seasonal nature of certain clients' businesses; and (vi) variability in demand for our services by our clients depending on demand for their products or services, and/or depending on our performance; (vii) Due to COVID- 19 pandemic.

## CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

In preparing our consolidated financial statements in conformity with US-GAAP, management must undertake decisions that impact the reported amounts and related disclosures. Such decisions include the selection of the appropriate accounting principles to be applied and assumptions upon which accounting estimates are based. Management applies its best judgment based on its understanding and analysis of the relevant circumstances to reach these decisions. These judgments are subject to an inherent degree of uncertainty by their nature. Accordingly, actual results may vary significantly from the estimates we have applied.

Please refer to Note 2, "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" of the Notes to the consolidated financial statements included in Item 1 for a complete description of our critical accounting policies and estimates..

## ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

As Startek has qualified for Smaller Reporting Company status, this disclosure is not required.

## ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures:

An evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) as of March 31, 2021 was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer. Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the design and operation of these disclosure controls and procedures were ineffective as of March 31, 2021.

### Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting:

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal controls over financial reporting, as such terms defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f). Management with the participation of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has assessed the effectiveness of our internal controls over financial reporting as of March 31, 2021 based on the framework in "*Internal Control-Integrated Framework*" issued by Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013). At December 31, 2020, management identified a material weakness in the operation of the Company's internal controls over revenue recognition. In view of the existence of the material weakness and based on the assessment at the quarter end, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of March 31 2021, our disclosure controls and procedures were ineffective. Notwithstanding the material weakness in internal control over financial reporting relating to revenue process disclosed below, our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has concluded that the consolidated financial statements present fairly in all material respects, our financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

A material weakness was identified in the operation of the Company's internal financial controls over revenue recognition (and corresponding "unbilled revenue" asset) in certain reporting units. It was observed that for few customers the amount of revenue accrued in the books of accounts was on lower side than what was billed to those customers. Management carried out measurement adjustments in respect of discounts, penalties etc to revenue recognised in the books of account as the COVID 19 situation gave rise to uncertainties. However, these judgements were not adequately documented.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

The material weakness described above did not result in any material misstatements to the company's previously issued financial statements, nor in the financial statements disclosed in this form 10-Q.

### Remediation Plan:

The Company's management is committed to maintaining a strong internal control environment. In response to the identified material weakness, the management immediately performed a detailed root-cause analysis of the highlighted issues and implemented certain corrective actions. The management has redefined the revenue recognition process combining automation and manual controls wherever appropriate. Documentation underlying key judgments is enhanced and "review" controls are further strengthened to reflect appropriate accounting treatment. While the management has completed the implementation of the corrective actions, it will also monitor the effectiveness of the controls through continuous monitoring

### Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting:

Subject to the above, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during quarter ended March 31, 2021, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

**PART II - OTHER INFORMATION**

**ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDING**

None.

**ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS**

There have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020, except for the following

***The recent Coronavirus or COVID-19 outbreak continues to expand and may adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations for 2021.***

The recent government-imposed restrictions around the world have significantly impacted businesses and their workforces. Most of the geographies in which we operate have been affected by local lockdowns or restrictions on facilities access. Other geographies may be impacted as the coronavirus/COVID-19 spreads and/or existing restrictions may be extended/strengthened. At this point, it is impossible to predict the degree to which supply and demand for our outsourcing services will be affected and the duration of such impact. This uncertainty makes it challenging for management to estimate the future performance of our businesses. However, the impact of COVID-19 will have an adverse impact on our results of operations over the near to medium term.

Given the overall uncertainty and fluidity of the current global pandemic response, coupled with how various government-imposed limitations may translate into client service delivery constraints, the Company may identify additional risk factors going forward which will be provided in the Quarterly Report.

**ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS**

None.

**ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES**

None.

**ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURE**

Not applicable.

**ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION**

None.

## ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

## INDEX OF EXHIBITS

Exhibit No.		Incorporated Herein by Reference		
		Exhibit Description	Exhibit	Filing Date
10.1	<a href="#">Separation Agreement with Rajiv Ahuja dated March 31, 2021</a>	Form 8-K	10.1	April 5, 2021
31.1*	<a href="#">Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</a>			
31.2*	<a href="#">Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</a>			
32.1*	<a href="#">Written Statement of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer furnished pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</a>			
101*	The following materials are formatted in Extensible Business Reporting Language (iXBRL): (i) Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020(Unaudited), (ii) Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2021 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2020, (iii) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 (Unaudited) and (iv) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)			
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)			

\* Filed with this Form 10-Q.

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this Form 10-Q to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

STARTEK, INC.

By: /s/ Aparup Sengupta Date: May 10, 2021  
Aparup Sengupta  
Global CEO  
(principal executive officer)

By: /s/ Vikash Sureka Date: May 10, 2021  
Vikash Sureka  
Chief Financial Officer  
(principal financial and accounting officer)

**CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER CERTIFICATION**

I, Aparup Sengupta, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of StarTek, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 10, 2021

/s/ Aparup Sengupta  
Aparup Sengupta  
Global CEO

**CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER CERTIFICATION**

I, Vikash Sureka, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of StarTek, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 10, 2021

/s/ Vikash Sureka  
Vikash Sureka  
Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATIONS

In connection with the Quarterly Report of StarTek, Inc. on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended 31st March 2021 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), each of the undersigned individuals, certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to his knowledge:

- 1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Registrant.

Date: May 10, 2021

/s/ Aparup Sengupta  
Aparup Sengupta  
Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 10, 2021

/s/ Vikash Sureka  
Vikash Sureka  
Chief Financial Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to the Corporation and will be retained by the Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.